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ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2851	
	403029 EXAM MAHONEY, CH

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/813,197	TERAMOTO ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Christopher E. Mahoney	2851	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.	•	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or contents.	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No Id in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Mar 31, 2004.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is unclear which of the two substrates is being referred to in claims 6 and 7.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 7, 13-14, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki (U.S. Pat. No. 6,726,859) in view of Honda (U.S. Pat. No. 6,912,086). Suzuki teaches a rear projection screen for allowing a projected light beam incident thereon to pass therethrough to a view side comprising a horizontal lenticular lens plate 118, 38 a Fresnel lens sheet 1, 6 where the Fresnel lens in formed on the incidence side of a reflection prism 4A and a refraction portion prism 3A. Suzuki does not explicitly teach that the plates are secured via a securing fixture. Honda teaches that it was known to use a securing structure to secure the

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Fresnel and lenticular sheets. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the features taught by Honda for the purpose of providing an integrating viewing device.

Claims 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki (U.S. Pat. No. 6,726,859) in view of Honda (U.S. Pat. No. 6,912,086). Suzuki in view of Honda teaches the salient features of the claimed invention except for the specific materials. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize glass, resin for the substrate, metal or resin for the fixture, and similar coefficients of expansion for the purpose of using readily available suitable materials. The applicant should note that it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Claims 1-5, 7, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shikama (U.S. Pub. No. 20040246578) in view of Honda (U.S. Pat. No. 6,912,086). Suzuki teaches a rear projection screen for allowing a projected light beam incident thereon to pass therethrough to a viewer side comprising a horizontal lenticular lens plate 21 a Fresnel lens sheet 10C where the Fresnel lens in formed on the incidence side of a reflection prism 13/14 and a refraction portion prism 11/12. Shikama does not explicitly teach that the plates are secured via a securing fixture. Honda teaches that it was known to use a securing structure to secure the Fresnel and lenticular sheets. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the features taught by Honda for the purpose of providing an integrating viewing device.

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Claims 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shikama (U.S. Pub. No. 20040246578) in view of Honda (U.S. Pat. No. 6,912,086). Shikama in view of Honda teaches the salient features of the claimed invention except for the specific materials. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize glass, resin for the substrate, metal or resin for the fixture, and similar coefficients of expansion for the purpose of using readily available suitable materials. The applicant should note that it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Claims 11-12 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki (U.S. Pat. No. 6,726,859) in view of Honda (U.S. Pat. No. 6,912,086) and further in view of Kumagai (U.S. Pub. No. 20050117212). Suzuki in view of Honda teaches the salient features of the claimed invention except for the diffusion in the lenticular lens sheet or in the contact layer. Kumagai teaches in the figures that it was known to provide the diffusion in the lenticular lens sheet or in the contact layer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the features taught by Kumagai for the purpose of higher contrast.

Claims 11-12 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shikama (U.S. Pub. No. 20040246578) in view of Honda (U.S. Pat. No. 6,912,086) and further in view of Kumagai (U.S. Pub. No. 20050117212). Shikama in view of Honda teaches the salient features of the claimed invention except for the diffusion in the lenticular lens sheet or in the contact layer. Kumagai teaches in the figures that it was known to provide the diffusion in

the lenticular lens sheet or in the contact layer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the features taught by Kumagai for the purpose of higher contrast.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki (U.S. Pat. No. 6,726,859) in view of Honda (U.S. Pat. No. 6,912,086) and further in view of Kim (U.S. Pub. No. 20040075899). Suzuki in view of Honda teaches the salient features of the claimed invention except for the anti reflex layer on the Fresnel lens. Kim teaches that it was known to provide the Fresnel lens with an anti reflex layer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the features taught by Kim for the purpose of reducing unwanted reflections.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shikama (U.S. Pub. No. 20040246578) in view of Honda (U.S. Pat. No. 6,912,086) and further in view of Kim (U.S. Pub. No. 20040075899). Shikama in view of Honda teaches the salient features of the claimed invention except for the anti reflex layer on the Fresnel lens. Kim teaches that it was known to provide the Fresnel lens with an anti reflex layer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the features taught by Kim for the purpose of reducing unwanted reflections.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher E. Mahoney whose telephone number is (571) 272-2122. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM-5PM, Monday-Thursday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Judy Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-2258. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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